AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1-37. (Cancelled)

38. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting the presence of micromolar amounts of [[a]] toxicantmetal ions in an aquatic, terrestrial, gaseous or industrial environmental sample, wherein the toxicant is a metal ion, said method comprising obtaining an aquatic, terrestrial, gaseous or industrial environmental sample; contacting said sample putatively containing said toxicantmetal ions with a nucleic acid molecule intercalated with a fluorescent dye; and screening for dissociation of binding between said nucleic acid molecule and said dye, wherein said dissociation of binding is indicative of the presence of said toxicant micromolar amounts of said metal ions.

39-41. (Cancelled)

- 42. (Currently Amended) A method according to Claim 38, wherein the metal ion is aions are heavy metal ionions.
- 43. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 38, wherein said fluorescent dye is selected from the group consisting of acridine orange and ethidium bromide.
- 44. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 46, wherein said substrate comprises glass, polystyrene, polymethacrylate, cellulose, nylon, polyvinylchloride or polypropylene.

- 45. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 44 wherein said substrate is polystyrene or polymethacrylate.
- 46. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 38, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is immobilized to a substrate.
- 47. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting the presence of a toxicant comprising a metal ionions at toxic levels in an aquatic, terrestrial, gaseous or industrial environmental sample, said method comprising obtaining an aquatic, terrestrial, gaseous or industrial environmental sample; contacting said sample putatively containing said toxicant metal ions with a nucleic acid molecule intercalated with a fluorescent dye; and screening for dissociation of binding between said nucleic acid molecule and said dye, wherein said dissociation of binding is indicative of the presence of said toxicant said metal ions at toxic levels.